**Powerful Muslim Empires**

**Islamic Achievements**

* **Economics: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
* **Arts:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
* **Literature:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
* **Philosophy:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
* **Science:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Islamic Invasion**

After the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fell in 550, India was divided into many little local kingdoms – ruled by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* Despite power struggles between Princes, Indian culture flourished. Beautiful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ temples were built and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ connected India to many other empires.
* Around 1000, Muslim Turks and Afghans invaded India. They were fierce warriors and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or Muslim Ruler was able to defeat Hindu armies.
* These Islamic tribes organized a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or land ruled by a sultan in Delhi. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ would last from 1206 to 1526.

This marked the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in India.

**Muslims and Hindus Clash**

Muslims brought changes to Indian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. These newcomers created a brilliant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at Delhi where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ art and architecture flourished.

However, the Delhi Sultanate fell after \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invaded and destroyed Delhi in 1398. This led to conflict between \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The Muslim invasion of India brought two very different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ face to face. Unfortunately, many Buddhists and Hindus were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ destroyed.

However, there was also a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the two \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because many Hindus \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Islam and many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ absorbed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

One holy man, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, formed a new religion that was a blend of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Sikhism: A Blend of Religious Beliefs**

**Islam**

* Belief in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Religious and Moral duties defined in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Belief in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and a day of judgment
* No priests; all believers are religious equals

**Hinduism**

* Belief in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, all part of Brahman
* Emphasis on religious and moral duties, or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Belief in a cycle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Sikhism**

* Belief in the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
* Belief in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of the Caste system

**The Mughal Empire**

In 1526, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a military genius who was supposedly a descendent of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, invaded India and founded the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* The Chief builder of the Mughal Empire was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He earned his title by creating a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, promoting religious \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, modernizing the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, encouraging trade, and introducing land reforms.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Mughal Empire was during the reign of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Akbar’s grandson. He promoted literature, arts, and architecture throughout the empire.

* In addition, Shah Jahan built the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Mughal Empire, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as a tomb for his wife.

**The Ottoman Empire**

While the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ruled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, two other empires – the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ empires - dominated the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Eastern Europe.

* The Ottoman and Safavid Empires became known as the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” because of the new technology they developed.

The Ottomans were Turkish speaking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people who migrated from Central Asia (like the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_). The created a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Muslim Empire.

* As the Ottomans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ across Asia, they threatened the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. After many failed attempts at capturing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Mehmet II finally succeeded in 1453.
* After a 2 month \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they blasted through the city walls and took \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and renamed it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This would be the Ottoman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for years!

**Suleiman the Magnificent**

The Ottoman Empire enjoyed a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Suleiman greatly expanded the empire by modernizing his power \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many new lands.

* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were an \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Ottoman Army that came from people they conquered in battle.
* Suleiman also created a strong government based on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The Ottoman poets, artists, and architects were influenced from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ forms of Art. During Suleiman’s rule the arts \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Safavid Empire**

By the early 1500s, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had created an empire in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (modern day Iran). The Safavids were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who enforced their beliefs on their Empire.

* The Safavid King was called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The most famous was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Great.
* Shah Abbas centralized \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, created a strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, strengthened the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by reducing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on farmers and encouraging the growth of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* He also tolerated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Safavid Empire.

In the late 1700s, the Safavid Empire fell due to fighting between \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Muslims and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ took power and established a capital at Tehran.