

Imperialism

Imperialism

- After the _____, Europeans began looking for new lands to explore and colonize this led to imperialism.
 - _____: domination by one country over the political and economic life of another country.

Economic Motives of Imperialism

- ECONOMIC:
 - Make _____
 - Control foreign trade
 - New markets
 - _____ materials and _____ labor
 - Investments
 - Export technology.

Political Motives of Imperialism

- POLITICAL:
 - Gain territory
 - Compete with other countries
 - Expand influence
 - Exercise military force
 - Gain prestige
 - Boost national power & security

Religious Motives of Imperialism

- RELIGIOUS:
 - Spread _____
 - Spread American values and moral beliefs
 - Educate people of other cultures

Exploratory Motives of Imperialism

- EXPLORATORY:
 - Explore the “_____”
 - Conduct scientific research
 - Medical searches
- _____
- Investigate “unknown” cultures.

Ideological Motives of Imperialism

- IDEOLOGICAL:
 - Cultural values
 - Belief in race superiority (_____)
 - Belief in duty to “_____”
people in other parts of the world
- POLITICAL:
 - Belief that all great nations should have empires
 - “_____”-
only the strongest nations will survive.

Spread of Imperialism

- From 1870 to 1914, imperialist nations gained control over most of the world.
 - The European powers gained lands in Africa, Asia, and the Middle East with very little trouble.
 - The United States gained lands in the Americas.

The European Scramble for Africa

- _____ was the first European country to try to explore and colonize Africa.
 - Before long, Britain, France and Germany were all claiming regions of Africa
- To avoid fighting with each other the Europeans met at the Berlin Conference.
 - _____ **(1884)**: a meeting of European nations to decide how to colonize Africa.
 - The Africans were not represented at the meeting.
- By 1914, there were only two countries that were _____ controlled by Europeans.

“Spheres of Influence” in Asia

- Like Africa, European countries also wanted to gain lands in Asia – specifically _____.
- European powers created a **sphere of influence** by controlling the Chinese economy.
 - _____ – developed by European imperial powers to keep Chinese trade open to everyone.
 - And of course, they did not consult the Chinese

